Preserve

App. F. IX-4

Previous References 192 . ([illegible])

File No. 23-29

Serial Nos. 1 - 2

J. 7

P. 27 z E

Later References

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos. Nil.

Part B for May 30

SUBJECT

[illegible]

manual of Joint stock Company -

F. 12553 & 12.5.30.

To Rely. of Jt. stock Companies

Affairs of the

Jurisdiction

Serial No.

1

Letter No C 114/29 30 dated 1 4 1930 from the Registrar of Joint Stock Cos. forwards a copy of the draft manual compiled so as to serve a guide to Company promoters and persons entrusted with the management of Companies

The objects of publishing this manual, is as stated in the preface, to help Company promoters and persons entrusted with the management of Companies, in observing the provisions of the Companies' Regulations & it is stated that it confines to the provisions dealing with the relations of the Companies and the Registrar.

The price of the book to be fixed for purposes of sale to the public, will be fixed by the Registrar in consultation with the Superintendent Govt Printing

The publication of the manual may be approved, and as also of its being got printed at the Govt Press. Accordingly

Submitted with a draft for orders — In his Letter the Registrar mentions the good work done by the Managing Office in getting up this

28/4/1930

manual. The lines on which the manual has been drawn up may be generally approved as desired by the Registrar and it may be printed at the Govt. Press may be authorised. The price to be fixed by the Superintendent, Govt. Printing in consultation with the Registrar.

As regards its translation into Kannada further orders of Government may be awaited after the draft is approved by the Hon'ble Member (1st Member)

8 MAY 1930

9/5

Note—Contn. Sheet

WD 01684—GPB—30,000—20-4-29

Serial No.	
2	D 12553 dated 12.5.1930 to the Regr of Jt Stock Companies in States that Govt generally approve of lines on which the Draft has been drawn up and that the Manual may be printed at the Press Bangalore after it has been finally passed & that the price of the Manual for sale the Public may be fixed in consultation with the Superintt Govt Printing D 12554 dated 12.5.1930. Copy to the Superintt Govt Printing & to the C.S. Section

WD 01684—GPB—30,000—20-4-29

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

J.S. 23-29-1

IN REPLY PLEASE REFER TO
NO. C. 114 29 30
ENCL. Gne

Office of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in Mysore.

Dated, Bangalore....28th March.....1930.

FROM

S. P. RAJAGOPALACHARI, ESQ., B.A. B.,L.,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in Mysore.

To

N. Rama Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His Highness the
Maharaja of Mysore, Development Departments,
B a n g a l o r e .

S i r ,

With reference to the penultimate paragraph of Government Order No. D. 344-5/ J. S. 27-29-3 dated 11th July 1929, I have the honour to forward herewith a copy of the draft Manual compiled so as to serve as a guide to Company promoters and persons entrusted with the management of companies.

2. It is not intended to cover the whole ground of the companies Regulation in this Manual. It is confined to those provisions dealing with the relations between the companies and the Department and with the filing etc., of certain prescribed documents.

3. The Manual will, it is expected, be useful to companies and will enable them to avoid the plea of ignorance of law very often put forward by them when they are called upon to explain the delays or defaults in sending documents.

4. I request that Government may kindly be moved to approve it, order its printing in the Government Press and to make it available for sale to the public at the Government Central Book Depot, at a nominal price. If the lines on which the Manual has been drawn up are generally approved, I shall have it touched up before it goes to the press. It is desireable to have the Manual translated into Kannada by the Government translator. A further reference on this will be made after the English copy is sent to the -

Press.

5. In this connection I wish to bring to the notice of Government the good work of the Manager of my office who attended to this difficult ~~work~~ task in addition to his heavy - routine work.

I have the honour to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

Registrar.

Preface.

This Manual is intended to help company promoters and persons entrusted with the management of companies, in observing the provisions of the Companies Regulation and in the submission of the prescribed returns etc., to the Registrar's office. It mainly confines itself to the provisions dealing with the relations between the companies and the Registrar. With regard to the - rest the Regulation will have to be consulted.

2. It is hoped that the book will serve - the purpose for which it is intended and minimise correspondence between companies and the Registrar.

J. Majagoral

REGISTRAR.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES MANUAL

The law relating to Companies in the Mysore State is contained in the Mysore - Companies Regulation, 1917 and the Sections referred to in this Manual are the Sections of that Regulation.

2. All companies, Associations or - partnerships consisting of more than 10 persons carrying on Banking business or more than 20 persons carrying on any other business for gain, must be registered as a company under the Regulation. (Section 4)

3. Companies are divided into two classes - Public and Private.

PUBLIC COMPANIES

4. A public company should consist of at least 7 persons and may be one of five kinds viz.,

i. a company with its liability limited by shares.

ii. a company with its liability limited by guarantee and not having a share capital;

iii. a company with its liability limited by guarantee and having a share capital;

iv. a company with unlimited liability - and having a share capital; or

v. a company with unlimited liability and not having a share capital. (Sections 5 to 8)

PRIVATE COMPANIES

5. A private company means a company - which by its Articles of Association restricts the right to transfer its shares, limits the number of members (exclusive of persons in the employ of the company) to fifty, prohibits any invitation to the public to subscribe for its shares or debentures and continues to observe such restrictions, limitations and prohibitions throughout its existence. It should consist of at - least 2 persons. (Section 2(13)

REGISTRATION OF - COMPANIES

6.(a). In order to have a company registered, the undermentioned documents should be - filed with the Registrar.

i. Memorandum of Association. (Sections 6, 7 & 8)

ii. Articles of Association. (section 17)

iii. Declaration on registration. (Section 24)

iv. Consent of Directors to act. (section 84)

v. Notice of situation of Registered office. (section 72)

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION.

(b) The Memorandum of Association is practically the charter of a company and great care should be exercised in drawing it up. The -

The following are the particulars which a Memorandum of Association must contain :--

In case of a company limited by shares.-

i. The name of the company with 'Limited' as the last word in its name.

ii. The objects of the company

iii. A statement that the liability of the members is limited.

iv. The amount of share capital with which the company proposes to be registered and the division thereof into shares of a fixed amount.

In the case of a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital the Memorandum must contain the clauses numbered i, ii, iii, above and the following instead of clause iv.

iv. That each subscriber undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while he is a member or within one year afterwards for payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before he ceases to be a member and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for adjustments of the rights of the contributories among themselves such amount as may be required not exceeding a specified amount.

A Company limited by guarantee and having a share capital should include in its Memorandum not only the clause iv as to undertaking to contribute but also a clause 5 similar to clause 4 of the Memorandum of Association of a company - limited by shares.

The Memorandum of Association of an unlimited company must contain the name (without the word 'Limited') and objects.

The Memorandum of Association should also contain a declaration of Association (vide form A, B, C, D, of the III Schedule appended to the Regulation) and be signed by not less than 7 or 2 persons according as the company proposed to be registered is a public or a private company, in the presence of at least one witness who mus attest the signatures.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(c). Articles of Association are the bye-laws for governing the internal affairs of a company.

In the case of public companies limited by shares the filing of the Articles of Association is optional. If they are not filed - Table A appended to the Mysore Companies Regu-

Regulation will be deemed to be the Articles of Association. Other companies should file them.

Articles of Association must be printed, be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively and be signed by each subscriber of the Memorandum of Association in the presence of at least one witness who must attest the signature. The witness also must give his occupation and address

(c). Declaration on registration should be made before a person authorised to administer oaths by an Advocate of the Chief Court who is engaged in the formation of the company or by a person named in the Articles of Association as a Director, Manager, or Secretary of the Company.

(d). In the case of a Public Company - having a share capital persons who are named in the Articles of Association as Directors should also file contracts to take qualification shares (if any) if they have not signed the Memorandum of Association for the said shares.

(e). In the case of a Private Company it is not necessary to file consent of Directors - to act, list of Directors and contracts to take

qualification shares.

(f). For preparing Declaration on registration, consent of Directors to act, list of Directors, contracts to take qualification shares and Notice of situation of the registered office prescrbied forms I, II, III, XXV and XXVII should be used.

(g). Under the Mysore Stamp Regulation the Memorandum of Association should be stamped with a stamp of Rs 20/- (or with Rs 60/- when it is not accompanied by Articles of Association), Articles of Association Rs 40/-, Declaration on registration Re.1-8-0, and contract to take qualification shares 0-10-0.

PROCEDURE AFTER REGISTRATION

Prospectus or statement - in lieu of prospectus.

7. After the Registration of company a prospectus or a statement in lieu of prospectus should be filed with the Registrar.(Sections 92 93 and and II schedule). Reference may be made to Section 93 which sets forth the requirements of a prospectus. For filing the statement in lieu of prospectus the form given in the second schedule should be used. It is self explanatory as regards the information required.

COPY OF REGISTER OF DIRECTORS. 8. Soon after registration, a copy of the Register of Directors prepared in form XXVI should

should be filed with the Registrar by all companies excepting those registered under Section 26.

ALLOTMENT

9. Allotment of shares should be made only after the following conditions are compiled with:-

In the case of companies issuing a prospectus

The minimum subscription fixed by the Memorandum or Articles of Association and named in the prospectus or in case it is not so fixed and named the whole amount of the share capital offered to the public for subscription has been subscribed and the sum payable on application for the minimum subscription or for the whole amount offered for subscription has been received in cash by the company within 120 days after the first issue of the prospectus.

In the case of companies filing a statement in lieu of prospectus :--

The minimum subscription fixed by the Memorandum or Articles of Association and named in the statement in lieu of prospectus or in case it is not so fixed and named the whole amount of the share capital other than that issued or agreed to be issued as fully or partly paid-up otherwise than in cash has been subscribed and an amount

not

not less than 5 % of the nominal amount of each share payable in cash has been paid to and - received by the company. (Section 111)

Within a month after an allotment is made, a return thereof prepared in form VI should be - filed with the Registrar. In the case of - shares allotted as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash, contract constituting the - title of the allottee to the allotment with contract of sale etc., should be produced for the inspection and examination of the Registrar and verified copies thereof together with a return of allotments prepared in form VI should be filed with him. (Section 104).

DECLARATION BEFORE COMMENCING BUSINESS

10. Before commencing business a declaration should be made before a person authorised to administer an oath by the Secretary or one of the Directors and filed with the Registrar. It should be in form IV or V as the case may be and should be stamped with a stamp of Rs 1-8-0 under the Mysore Stamp Regulation. (section 103).

AFTER COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS.

11. Every company limited by shares - should hold within 6 months from the date at which it is entitled to commence business a -

general

general meeting known as the Statutory meeting and the Directors should file a copy of Statutory report prepared in Form XXV immediately after - copies thereof are sent to members at least 10 days before the day on which the Statutory meeting is fixed to be held.

PRIVATE COMPANIES

12. A private company has the following special features :--

i. It may consist of only two members - (section 5)

ii. It is not required to file a statement in lieu of prospectus and there is no restriction as to allotment of shares. (Sections 58 & 101)

iii. It need or need not have Directors and the provisions relating to the appointment of Directors of a Public Company do not apply to it. (sections 83.1 & 83 B.)

iv. There is no restriction on the appointment of Directors. (section 84).

v. It need not send its statutory report to members or file it with the Registrar. (sec.77

vi. It can commence business as soon as it is incorporated. (section 13)

vii. It need not circulate its balance -

sheet

balance sheet among the share holders or file - it with the Registrar. (sections 131 & 132)

viii. It can appoint an authorised auditor and this may be a person in the employment of a Director or other officer. (section 144)

GENERAL MEETINGS & ANNUAL RETURNS.

13. Every Company should once at least in every calendar year hold an ordinary general meeting. The interval between two general - meetings should not exceed 15 months. A summary of share capital and list of members etc., in form E as they were on the date of the said - meeting should be prepared and sent to the Registrar within 7 days of the said meeting.

It should be noted that though the Statutory meeting and an extra-ordinary general meeting are general meetings for the purpose of Section 76, they are not ordinary general general meetings within the meaning of Section 32.

BALANCE SHEET

14. Along with the Summary of share capital and list of members a copy of balance sheet placed before the ordinary general meeting and signed by the Manager or Secretary should be filed with the Registrar. The contents of the Balance sheet are prescribed in form F.

If a balance sheet is not adopted at the General meeting, a copy of the statement of - that fact and of the reasons therefor should be annexed to the copy required to be sent to the Registrar.

EXTRAORDINARY AND SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

15.(a) A number of matters require to be dealt with by extra-ordinary or special resolution. For example the Articles usually require an extra-ordinary resolution for the removal of a Director or for an increase of capital. A special resolution is always required for changing the Articles.

An extra-ordinary resolution is defined by Section 81 as a resolution passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of such members of the company entitled to vote as are present in person or by proxy (where proxies are allowed at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as an extra-ordinary resolution has been duly given.

A resolution is a special resolution when it has been passed in the manner required for the passing of an extra-ordinary resolution and confirmed by a Majority of such members entitled

to

to vote, as are present in person or by proxy - (where proxies are allowed) at a subsequent - general meeting of which notice has been duly given and held after an interval of not less than 14 days nor more than one month from the date of the first meeting.

15(b) Copies of special or extra.ordinary resolutions should be filed with the Registrar within 15 days of confirmation or passing as the case may be. If the resolutions are in English printed or type-written copies may be filed. If they are in Kannada only printed copies should be filed.

(c) These copies should contain particulars of the time and place of passing and in the case of special resolutions of confirming them and should be authenticated by a Director, Manager or Secretary. (Section 82)

OTHER RETURNS.

Change of name:-

16. If a company obtains the approval of Government to change its name, a copy of Government Order approving the change and a notice of change should be filed with the Registrar.(section 4).

On confirmation of the Alteration of Memorandum

17. A company may in certain cases specified in Section 12 alter its memorandum by special resolution and this alteration should be confirmed

confirmed by the Court. Certified copy of - order of Court confirming alteration in Memorandum of Association with respect to the objects of a company together with a printed copy of - Memorandum of Association as altered by the - Order should be filed with the Registrar within 3 months of the order. If it cannot be filed or is not filed within the said period, the Court has to be approached for extending the time for filing it. (section 15).

NOTICE OF INCREASE OF - SHARE CAPITAL OR MEMBERS

18. When a company has increased its - share capital beyond the registered capital or a company not having a share capital has increased its number of members beyond its registered number, it - should file with the Registrar a notice of increase of share capital or members within 15 days of resolution.

For filing the notice of increase of share capital it is sufficient if a resolution is - passed authorising the increase. Companies should not wait for the actual issue of the - increased shares.

ORDER OF COURT RELATING TO REORGANIZATION OF CAPITAL

19. When a company limited by shares obtains an order of the Court confirming the -

special

special resolution passed by it enabling it to alter the conditions contained in its memorandum so as to reorganize its share capital whether by the consolidation of shares of different classes or by the division of its shares into shares of different classes, it should file with the Registrar a certified copy of Court's order within 21 days after the order or within such further time as the Court may allow. (section 54

COURT'S ORDER CONFIRMING REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

20. Subject to confirmation by the Court a company limited by shares, if so authorised by its articles may by special resolution reduce its share capital in any way under Section 55. After the Court makes an order confirming the reduction, it should be sent to the Registrar, together with a certified copy thereof and of a minute approved by the Court. It has to be borne in mind that the resolution for reducing the capital as altered by the order will take effect only after the registration of the order by the Registrar. (section 61).

NOTICE OF CHANGE IN THE SITUATION OF REGISTERED OFFICE.

21. Every company shall have a registered office. Notice of situation of the Registered office and every change therein should be filed with the Registrar.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF DIRECTORS &c. 22. Notice of change of Directors or - Managers prepared in form XXVI should be filed with the Registrar within 30 days of the occurrence of the change. (Section 87)

PROSPECTUS. 23. Copy of prospectus should be filed with the Registrar on or before the date of its publication. (section 62)

MORTGAGES AND CHARGES 24. Particulars of mortgages or charges pr prepared in form IX together with deed or verified copy thereof should be filed with the Registrar within 21 days after creation of mortgage or charge. (section 103)

Particulars as to a series of debentures together with deed or verified copy thereof - should be filed within 21 days after the execution of the deed. (section 110 - form X,)

APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER 25. If a person obtains an order for the appointment of a receiver of the property of a company or appoints such a receiver under any power contained in any instrument, he should - within 15 days of the date of the order or of the appointment made by him under the powe r - contained in the instrutment file with the Registrar a notice of that fact. (sec. 110 - For XXII

ACCOUNTS OF RECEIVERS

Abstract of Receiver's accounts should be filed once in every half year and also on his ceasing to act as Receiver. This relates only to the accounts of the Receivers appointed under an instrument. (Section 11[illegible] - Form XIV)

Notice by Receiver on ceasing to act as such should be filed. (Section 119, Form XIV)

CONVERSION OF A PRIVATE COMPANY INTO A PUBLIC COMPANY.

26. A private company may subject to anything contained in its Memorandum or Articles of Association turn itself into a public company by passing a special resolution and by filing with the Registrar :-

i. a copy of such resolution.

ii. a statement in lieu of prospectus. (Section 38 and Form in second schedule)

iii. a duly verified declaration. (section 1[illegible] - form [illegible] - see also paragraph 1[illegible] supra)

iv. consent to act as Director by the Directors named in the statement. (sec. 84 - Form II

v. agreement to take qualification shares (if any) from all or any of the Directors mentioned in the statement, if they have not signed the Memorandum of Association for the said shares

WINDING UP

27. Part V of the Regulation deals exhaustively with the subject of the winding up -

winding up of the Companies. Reference is - invited to these provisions and only a brief abstract is attempted here.

Winding up may be either voluntary or subject to supervision of the Court or compulsory by order of the Court.

VOLUNTARY WINDING UP

a. Voluntary winding can be effected by an ordinary resolution, or by a special resolution or by an extra-ordinary resolution. (Section 208)

As regards filing copies of special and extra-ordinary resolutions with the Registrar the formalities mentioned in paragraph 15 supra should be observed.

WINDING UP SUBJECT TO SUPERVISION.

b. When a company has gone into voluntary liquidation and some of the creditors or contributories desire that the conduct of the liquidation should be under the control of the Court they may apply to the Court for an order that the winding up should be continued subject to the supervision of the Court. (section 221)

WINDING UP COMPULSORY BY ORDER OF COURT.

c. A company may be wound up by Court in the following circumstances :--

i. If the company has by special resolution resolved that the company be wound up by the Court.

ii. If default is made in filing the statutory report or in holding the statutory meeting.

iii. If the company does not commence its business within a year from its incorporation or suspends its business for a whole year.

iv. If the number of members is reduced in the case of a Private company below two or in the case of any other company below seven.

v. If the company is unable to pay its debts.

vi. If the company fails to alter its name when required to do so under proviso to Sub-section 3 of Section 11.

vii. If the Court is of opinion that it is just and equitable that the company should be - wound up. (section 162)

28. Copy of winding up order of Court should be filed with the Registrar. (section 172)

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF LIQUIDATORS.

29. On a company resolving to wind up voluntarily a liquidator or liquidators should be appointed for the purpose of winding up its affairs and distributing its assets. Notice by Liquidator or Liquidators of his or their appointment should be filed within 21 days after his or their appointment. (section 177 of 178 & form No.7

to Rules and Forms made by the Chief Court of Mysore at Bangalore under the Mysore Companies Regulation VIII of 1917)

Liquidator or Liquidators appointed by the Court in a case where it has been ordered that the voluntary winding up should be continued - subject to its supervision should also file the notice of his or their appointment as per instructions above.

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

30. First statement should be filed within 30 days after the completion of the 1st year of liquidation.

Subsequent statements should be filed half-yearly. (section 244 - Rule 107 & forms 68 and 69 of the Rules and Forms made by the Chief Court of Mysore at Bangalore under the Mysore Companies Regulation VIII of 1917).

These statements should be filed by the - Liquidators appointed in all cases of winding up.

Court's Order of Dissolution.

31. In the case of compulsory winding up, where the affairs of a company have been completely wound up, the Court will make an order that the company should be dissolved from the date of the order. The order for dissolution should be

be filed within 15 days of the order. (section 1

RETURN OF HOLDING THE FINAL MEETING.

32. In the case of every voluntary winding up as soon as the affairs of the company are ~~fixxx~~ finally wound up, the liquidator should make an account of the winding up and should call a General meeting for the purpose of laying before it the account and giving any explanation thereof.

A return of the holding of the meeting should be filed by the liquidator within one week after the meeting. (section 317)

ORDER POSTPONING - DISSOLUTION.

33. In the case of every voluntary winding up a company has to be deemed as dissolved on the expiration of 3 months from the registration of the return of the holding of the final meeting. But the Court may on the application of the liquidator or any other interested person make an - order deferring the date at which the dissolution of the company is to take effect for such time as it thinks fit. In such a case a certified copy of Court's order should be filed within 21 days of order. (section 217 (5)

ORDER OF COURT DECLARING DISSOLUTION VOID.

34. Where a company has been dissolved, the Court may at any time within two years of the date of the dissolution on the appliation of the -

Liquidator or any other interested person may make an order declaring the dissolution void. A certified copy of this order should be filed with the Registrar within 21 days after the order is made. (section 243)

REGISTRATION OF FOREIGN COMPANIES -(Section 277)

35. Every Company incorporated outside Mysore which establishes a place of business in Mysore shall within one month from the establishment file with the Registrar. the following documents :--

i. a certified copy of the charter, statutes or Memorandum and Articles of Association or other instrument.

ii. Notice of situation of the registered or principal office of company.

iii. List of Directors and Managers.

iv. Return of persons resident in Mysore authorised to accept service.

Documents ii, iii, and iv should be prepared in form XXIX, XVII and XVIII.

Document(i) may be got certified in one of the ways mentioned in A or B of Rule 7 of the Mysore Companies Rules, 1919.- (translated)

If the document is not in the English Lan-

Language a certified translation thereof should be furnished: ~~For the meaning of certified translation appendix may be referred to.~~.

For filing these documents form XVI - should be used.

Every foreign company should file with the Registrar in every year a copy of the - balance sheet required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies or other public authority of the country in which it is incorporated and if no such provision is made in the Country of incorporation a statement in the form of a balance sheet which the company would have had to file under the Mysore Companies - Regulation if it had been formed and registered under the said Regulation. (section 132 and form F in the IV schedule appended to the - said Regulation

The following documents have to be filed as occasion for their filing arises :--

Notice of alteration in the address of the registered or principal office of company.

Notice of alteration of Directors or Managers (form . o, XXI)

Notice of alteration in the names or addresses of persons authorised to accept processes. (for. XXI

For time within which notices of alteration should be filed with the Registrar, the note given in the prescribed forms IXX, XX, XXI and XXII may be referred to.

GENERAL -- Fees

36. Under Section 249 fees are payable for filing most of the documents mentioned in this - Manual. The scale of fees is set out in Table B appended to the Regulation and Rule 6 of the Mysore Companies Rules, to which a reference may be made whenever a document is sent to the Registrar.

Prescribed forms

37. Forms have been prescribed for the preparation of certain documents. These forms are printed and are made available for sale at the Government Central Book Depot, Fort, Bangalore City. Company promoters and persons entrusted with the management of companies are requested to buy and make use of them as it will not only minimise correspondence with the Registrar but will also help in preserving the documents - without damage in his office.

RULES REGULATING THE GRANT OF AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATES.-

38. Rules regulating the grant of Auditor's certificates and the Government Notification about the names of Institutions the members of which are entitled to act as Auditors without certificates from the Government are printed in Government Notifications Nos. 10872/ I & C 359-20-2 dated 11th May 1921, - I. C. 6340 dated 7th February 1927 and 1234/ I & C 6-18-4 dated 7th August 1918.

PENALTIES.

39. For not complying with the requirements of the Regulation and for making false statements in the documents sent to the Registrar, heavy money penalties and also imprisonment are prescribed. Persons entrusted with the Management of companies are requested to see that documents correct in all respects - are submitted to the Registrar within the - prescribed time.

Registrar.

HR

Appendix F G—1

SUBJECT.....

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Section JS

File No. 23-21

Serial No. 2

No. 012533

Diary No. of letter replied to.....8446.....

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *192*

Date of issue.....12/5/30.....

Signed by.....W C S Nanavati.....

To The Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in Mysore

Sir

With reference to your letter No C 114/28-30 dated 1-4-1930 forwarding for approval a draft copy of the Joint Stock Companies Manual, I am directed to state that ~~the book may be published~~ Govt generally approve of the lines on which the draft has been ~~read and approved by you. Govt furnished~~ drawn up. ~~and that~~ the Manual may be printed at the Govt Press, Bangalore ~~and~~ after it has been finally revised by you. ~~available for sale to the public at a~~ The price of the Manual for sale to the public may be fixed in consultation with the Supdt. Govt Printing ~~nominal cost price~~

~~Action may also be taken to~~ I am to add that the further ~~bring out in due course a Kannada~~ suggestions ~~pronounced~~ by you in regard to the ~~Edition of the Manual~~ translation of the Manual into Kannada is awaited. I have

Note Govt ~~would~~ to Chr 7/5/30

~~Copy~~ will be appreciated ~~for~~ the good work done by the Manager of your office in drafting the Manual

over

List of enclosures.....

Copied by.....

Examined by.....

WD 063—GPS—20,000—1-8-29

12554 Copy to the Subdt. for information

Copy to the Collector for information